Satisfactory Academic Progress (SAP) standards are published and are reasonably applied for measuring whether an otherwise eligible student is making SAP in his/her educational Program. In order to maintain eligibility for financial aid, students must make adequate academic progress toward completion of his/her program.

**PROCESS OVERVIEW**

Federal regulations require all schools participating in state and federal financial aid, Title IV, and HEA programs to properly monitor and document SAP. These standards are applicable to all students enrolled in our Educational Programs and are used to measure their satisfactory progress toward graduation. The policy is provided to all students prior to the first class session and is consistently applied to all applicable students.

SAP standards are established by the faculty in consultation with the Director of Education. Students must maintain SAP according to the set standards in order to continue enrollment. SAP is measured at the end of each payment period, and will be checked prior to disbursement of aid.

**SAME AS, OR STRICTER THAN**

The SAP policy for Title IV, HEA students is consistently applied and identical to the school’s actual measurement used to monitor qualitative and quantitative standards, as well as maximum time frame for students enrolled in the same educational programs who are not receiving Title IV aid.
The Financial Aid Administrator reviews the Title IV SAP policy to ensure it meets all federal requirements. The Director of Education Programming notifies the Financial Aid Office if the school changes academic policies.

**EVALUATION PERIODS**

At each formal SAP evaluation point (end of each payment period), the school checks:

- Qualitative Measure (grade based)
- Quantitative Measure (Pace)
- Maximum time frame.

Formal evaluations for SAP must coincide with the end of a payment period. The formal evaluations must be placed in each student’s file. Evaluations determine if students have met the minimum requirements for SAP.

**Practical Nursing (1546 Clock hour program)**

In a 1546 Clock hour program evaluations would be conducted as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clock hours (after first payment period)</th>
<th>Clock hours (end of second payment period)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>450 hours</td>
<td>900 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3rd evaluation
1223 hours

**ACADEMIC YEAR DEFINITION**

900 Clock hours and 26 weeks.

**QUANTITATIVE MEASURE**

To be considered making SAP, Students are required to attend a minimum of 67% of his/her educational program in no longer than 150% of the published length of the program as measured in clock hours and determined by the program. Evaluations are conducted at the end of each payment period to determine if
students have met the minimum requirements and are based on the cumulative attendance percentage as of the last day of the evaluation period.

Pace is calculated by dividing the total hours accrued (successfully completed) by the total number of hours scheduled. At the end of each evaluation period, the school determines if students have maintained at least 67% cumulative attendance since the beginning of the course. This indicates that, given the same attendance rate, the student will graduate within the maximum time frame allowed.

**MAXIMUM TIME FRAME**

A school may use a graduated standard instead of the fixed standard above. This would mean that the student could attend less than 67% in the first payment period but would have to eventually “catch up” to complete the program in the required 150% of the time.

SAP policies contain a Pace measure. Students must progress through the Program at a sufficient pace to ensure completion within the maximum timeframe of 150% of the published length of cumulative clock hours.

**The maximum time for students to complete the Program is as follows:**

For undergraduate programs measured in clock hours, it is a period that is no longer than 150% of the published length of the program as measured by the cumulative number of clock hours the student is required to complete and expressed in calendar time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Normal Clock Hours</th>
<th>Normal Timeframe</th>
<th>Maximum Clock Hours</th>
<th>Maximum Timeframe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1546</td>
<td>95 weeks</td>
<td>2319</td>
<td>142.50 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** If an undergraduate academic program is 27 weeks and $1.5 \times 27 = 40.5$ the time cannot be rounded. If, at any time the student cannot complete the program within the maximum time frame, then the student must successfully appeal for an extension to the maximum time frame to continue receiving title IV aid.

To calculate the pace at which the student is progressing the school would:
• Divide the cumulative hours the student has successfully completed by the cumulative number of hours the student has attempted.

\[
\frac{\text{Cumulative hours completed}}{\text{Cumulative hours attempted}}
\]

The maximum time frame must be measured at each evaluation point (the student is ineligible at the evaluation point when it is determined that the student will exceed the maximum timeframe NOT at the point when they actually reach the maximum timeframe.)

If a student is meeting satisfactory academic progress before the beginning of a payment period, but will exceed the maximum time frame before the end of the payment period, the student must submit a successful appeal to extend the maximum time frame to at least the end of the payment period.

**QUALITATIVE MEASURE**

The qualitative measure, used to determine SAP, is based on grades. Students must maintain a cumulative grade point average of at least 78 at the end of a semester level. (A school may have an overall cumulative GPA AND a semester GPA requirement, but the Cumulative GPA must be used for SAP).

The school uses a fixed standard (the school may use a graduated standard, such as requiring a 78 at the end of each payment period, but if this is done the school must check to be sure the student can graduate on time.)

Students must make up failed or missed evaluations and assignments. Students receive a letter grade as indicated on the chart below which is based on the end-of-payment period evaluation. Mid-point evaluations are for informational purposes and therefore students do not receive a letter grade.

Students receive a letter grade as indicated on the chart below and is based on the end-of-semester evaluations. Students who receive an “F” course grade will be required to repeat that course.

The academic grading system is as follows:
The following academic grading scale is used in the Practical Nursing program:

A 93% to 100% 4.0 points  
A- 90% to 92% 3.7 points  
B+ 87% to 91% 3.3 points  
B 83% to 86% 3.0 points  
B- 80% to 82% 2.7 points  
C+ 78% to 79% 2.3 points  
F 77% and below 0.0 points

Students must achieve a minimum academic grade average of 78% at the completion of all courses, at the completion of each Level, and on all examinations, to progress in the program.

Written clinical evaluation rates student performance as either satisfactory, needs improvement, or unsatisfactory in the areas related to clinical objectives. Students must receive a satisfactory grade in all clinical skills in each level.

Clock hours are awarded for completion of a course. No credit hours.

Students who fail to meet the Qualitative standards are placed on Financial Aid Warning. If there is no improvement by the end of the next payment period, students could be placed on Financial Aid Probation. Students have the option to appeal the decision. The Financial Aid Administrator and the Director of Education Programming monitors qualitative progress.

CHECKING SAP:

Student’s SAP evaluations, whether after each payment period, annually or less often than each payment period, MUST OCCUR AT THE END of a payment period. Official evaluation cannot be less than a payment period.

Frequency of evaluation determines options

- School must evaluate SAP at the end of each payment period for a program that is one academic year or less in length.
- For programs longer that one academic year:
  School may evaluate at least annually to correspond to the end of a payment period
  School may evaluate at the end of each payment period.
• Each evaluation must include qualitative, quantitative and maximum timeframe standards.

At the time of review, any student who is not in compliance with SAP standards is no longer eligible to receive any Title IV assistance. This is true whether the student has not achieved the required qualitative assessment or is not successfully completing the program at the required pace of completion and will not complete within the maximum time frame.

Each student will be notified by mail of the results of their evaluation and how it impacts his/her Title IV eligibility.

**FINANCIAL AID WARNING**

The school evaluates SAP at the end of each payment period. Students who do not meet SAP measures described above will automatically be put on Financial Aid Warning for one payment period. This status may only be given to a student who was in compliance with the institution’s SAP standards at the previous evaluation. Students who are put on a Financial Aid Warning continue to receive Title IV aid for the next payment periods after they receive the warning status. The student’s academic progress will be evaluated at the end of the Warning period. It may not be assigned for consecutive payment periods.

The Warning status is applied only to students with a reasonable expectation of improvement in one payment period.

If a student is making SAP at the end of the Financial Aid Warning period, they shall be returned to normal SAP status with no loss of Title IV eligibility.

A student, who has not improved his standing and still fails to comply with the satisfactory academic progress policy at the end of the Warning Period, will be ineligible for future aid disbursements. It is advisable for any student on warning status to meet with both a financial aid counselor and an academic advisor to ensure future satisfactory progress and aid eligibility.

The student may continue on a cash-pay basis with an approved payment plan. Arrangements for payment must be approved within 10 school days after notification of loss of SAP.
**APPEAL PROCESS**

The Financial Aid Appeal process allows students who are not meeting SAP standards to petition the institution for reinstatement of title IV aid eligibility. (If a school does not allow an appeal, a student may not be placed on financial aid probation).

Students may have the opportunity to have their financial aid eligibility reinstated by appealing the decision and being placed on Financial Aid Probation. Students have five (5) business days after being notified to institute an appeal. The appeal must be in writing and given to the Executive Director, who will meet with the Financial Aid Academic Appeals Committee to make a decision on the appeal.

The bases on which a student may file an appeal are: injury or illness; death of a relative; or other special circumstances. Students must provide supporting documents and describe in writing any unusual circumstances that warrant special consideration. Students must provide information as to why they did not make SAP and what has changed that will allow them to make SAP by the next evaluation point.

The Executive Director will provide a decision in writing within ten (10) business days.

**FINANCIAL AID PROBATION**

If the institution approves the appeal, the student may be placed on probation after the institution evaluates the student’s progress and determines that the student did not make Satisfactory Academic Progress during the warning or previous evaluation period. Probation will only be for one additional payment period during which the student remains eligible for federal aid.

The student will be placed on an academic plan to regain satisfactory academic progress status to continue to be eligible for federal aid beyond the initial probationary period, the student must either be meeting the cumulative attendance
and grade standards as published by the school, or be in compliance with any customized written academic plan.

The academic plan may be as complicated as a course-by-course plan toward completion, or as simple as a mathematical formula that specifies the percentage of coursework that the student must now complete. An academic plan may continue for multiple payment plans. The student is now on financial aid probation. At the completion of the plan the student will either be in compliance with SAP or have completed the program. If the student fails to meet the standards established in the plan, the student will no longer be eligible for title IV aid.

In the academic plan, the school determines the minimum grade point average the student must achieve and the number of credits that the student may take.

An academic plan can be changed, if the student files another appeal. The reasons for changing the academic plan are related to unusual circumstances that presented the student from meeting the requirements of the original academic plan. These reasons may include:

- Two required courses are only available in the same time slot.
- The school is unable to offer a required course during the term outlined in the plan.
- Personal situation or emergency.

All documents concerning a written appeal of a SAP evaluation must be kept in the student file, including the schools written determination of such appeal and details of any academic plan that may be developed.

**REINSTATEMENT OF TITLE IV, HEA AID**

Reinstatement of aid is limited to the period under evaluation. Students making SAP by the conclusion of the Warning or Probation period will be removed from the warning/probation status and will regain eligibility for Title IV, HEA funding.

A former student requesting to be reinstated as an active student should do so in writing. Supportive documentation and/or information concerning any mitigating circumstances should be noted in the request. The student shall be notified of the Reinstatement Review within five (5) business days following the decision of the
Financial Aid Academic Appeals Committee.

Students who regains SAP at the end of the next payment period will have regained full eligibility for Title IV, HEA funding.

**LEAVE OF ABSENCE, INTERRUPTIONS, COURSE INCOMPLETES, CHANGE OF MAJOR, WITHDRAWALS, AND TRANSFER CREDITS**

If enrollment is temporarily interrupted for a Leave of Absence, students return to school in the same SAP status prior to the leave of absence. Clock hours that have elapsed during a leave of absence will extend students’ contract period by the same number of clock hours and days taken in the leave of absence and will not be included in the cumulative attendance percentage calculation. A school’s Leave of Absence Policy must specify that all requests for an LOA be in writing, be signed, and be dated. Before a school grants an LOA, there must be reasonable expectation that the student will return from the leave. The school’s LOA policy must specify that the reason for the student’s leave must be included on a student’s application for an LOA.

Students who do not return from a Leave of Absence will be unofficially withdrawn from the school within 14 days after the return date and will have their last date of attendance as the last day they attended before the start of the leave.

Students who withdraw prior to completion of the course and wish to re-enroll within 180 days of the original official withdrawal date will return in the same SAP status as at the time of withdrawal.

Students are not permitted to withdraw from individual subjects. Students withdrawing from school will receive credit for all work successfully completed up to the point of withdrawal.

**Repeating a Level:**

The program is divided into four sections and each section is referred to as a “Level”.

Students who fail any courses in a “Level” are required to repeat all the courses in the “Level”.

Page 8
The student is allowed to repeat any level in the program under the following conditions:

a. They have not accumulated two failing grades
b. The level must be repeated within six months
c. The student must pay the fees to repeat the respective course. Cost are based on the number of clock hours.
d. Space is available to repeat the course

**Incomplete Grades:**
Incomplete grades are given only when a student is unable to complete a course because of illness or other serious concerns. A failing grade is given when through negligence or procrastination students fail to turn in work or take examinations. A student who misses a final examination must contact the instructor within twenty-four hours of the examination to schedule a re-examination date and time. If the absence is unavoidable, the student will be given an incomplete grade until they take the exam and then the grade will be adjusted. If the student does not arrange to take the exam then the incomplete grade will be changes to a failure. Instructors must file an incomplete form with the director of the school. Students are given one week to make up missed examinations. Work and examinations that are still incomplete at the end of the one-week deadline will be assigned a grade of F. It is the student’s responsibility to contact the faculty member about completing the course work and taking examinations.

Transfer clock hours accepted toward the completion of a student’s program must count as both hours attempted and hours completed. It is the school’s option to include grades earned for transfer credits in its cumulative GPA calculation.

**OFFICIAL WITHDRAWAL FROM SCHOOL**

In the event a student must withdraw, she/she must consult with the Executive Director and/or Director of Education Programming and notify in writing of his/her official last day.

**UNOFFICIAL WITHDRAWAL FROM SCHOOL**

If the school unofficially withdrawals a student from the school, the Executive Director and/or Director of Education Programming will record the circumstances and last day in writing and include the information in the student’s official file.